(Approved by the 8<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the Academic Council, MUC Vide Resolution No.8 and Approved Memo No. MUC/RG/AC/22-23/118, dated 27/07/2024, and Revised as per the Vide Notification No. MUC/RG/ALO/22-23/146, dated 05/09/2024)

# SYLLABUS FOR FIVE-YEAR INTEGRATED MASTERS (FYUGP+1 Year Masters) PROGRAMME IN HISTORY

(UNDER NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY 2020) (With effect from 2024-2025)



# DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY MAJULI UNIVERSITY OF CULTURE MAJULI, ASSAM

# SYLLABUS FOR FIVE-YEAR INTEGRATED MASTERS (FYUGP+1 YEAR MASTERS) PROGRAMME WITH HONOURS IN HISTORY

(UNDER NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY 2020)

(With effect from 2024-25)



**DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY** 

MAJULI UNIVERSITY OF CULTURE

**MAJULI, ASSAM** 

#### **PREAMBLE**

The syllabus for Five-Year Integrated Masters (FYUGP+1 Year Masters) Programme in History is designed in accordance with the Regulations for the Five-Year Integrated Masters (FYUGP+1 Year Masters) Programme, Majuli University of Culture, Majuli in Choice Based Credit System (CBCS), 2023 and as per the Curriculum Framework for the FYUGP of the UGC on NEP 2020. Five-Year Integrated Masters (FYUGP+1 Year Masters) Programme in History includes ten semesters in the 4+1 modular structure. In this module, there are 22 Major Courses, of which 18 Courses are Core Course (CC) and 4 Courses are Elective Course (EC). In the 7th and 8th Semester, Research Project and Dissertation is included, however, the students may opt 3 Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE) in lieu of the Research Project and Dissertation. There are all total 8 Minor Courses, 1 in each Semester which can be opted by the students pursuing the FYUGP beyond History Honours. There are 3 Open Elective Courses (OEC)/ Generic Elective (GE) Courses, 1 in each of the first three Semesters, which can be opted by the students, who have not or are not pursuing History either in 10+2 or current UG level. All the Major and Minor Courses are of 4 credits in each, Open Elective Courses (OEC)/ Generic Elective (GE) Courses are of 3 credits each. However, the 1 Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE) of 7<sup>th</sup> Semester is of 2 credits and the 2 Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE) of 8<sup>th</sup> Semester are of 3 credits each. The 2credit project work in the 6<sup>th</sup> semester will be decided by the faculty members in consultation with the students and in accordance with the feasibility for conducting such projects.

There shall be In-semester Assessments and End-semester Examination in each course during every Semester. 40% of the total marks of each theory Course shall be allotted for In- semester evaluations which will comprise of Sessional Examination, Assignment, Paper Presentation, Book Review, Vivavoce etc. to be decided by the Course Teacher at the beginning of the semester in consultation with the Departmental FYUGP Board. The End-semester Examination will be of 60% of the total marks covering the whole Syllabus of the course.

#### **Introduction to Programme**

The undergraduate syllabus of History for Majuli University of Culture is designed in accordance with the regulations of Majuli University of Culture for Five-Year Integrated Masters (FYUGP+1 Year Masters) Programme in History as per NEP 2020. In the first six semester (three years) it requires the student to complete sixteen major courses of four credits each (fifteen Core Courses and one Elective Course), six Minor Courses (MC) of four credits each, three Generic Elective Courses (GEC) of three credits each and one Project of two credits in the sixth semester. The project work will be decided by the faculty members in consultation with the students.

In seventh semester it requires the students to complete three major courses of four credits each, one minor course of four credits, one Research Ethics and Methodology of four credits and one Research Project of two credits. However, the students may opt for one Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSEC) of two credits in lieu of the Research Project. In the eighth semester, it requires the students to complete three Major Courses of four credits each, one Minor Course of four credits, one Dissertation of six credits. However, the students may opt for two Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSEC) of three credits each in lieu of the Dissertation.

The major courses are exclusive to the student who enrolls as History major. Whereas Minor Courses (MC) are offered to the student who are other than history major. The Generic Elective Courses are offered to the student from other discipline. The Core Courses have been structure in a way so as to introduce the student the broad range of the subjects pertaining to the discipline of History. The programme broadly covers, Indian civilization, state formation, economic and political history from ancient to contemporary, Indian Independent movement alongside the rise of the West, the history of Europe, East Asia, and Southeast Asia. The courses cover ideas, concept of historiography so as to impart knowledge on the science of history writing but also encourage the student to think critically and understand on the discipline at the same time asking question that can contribute to new thinking and understanding to the discipline. The Research Project and Dissertation on semesters seven and eight respectively aimed at training the student on methods fundamental to research which involves critical thinking and analysis of any historical event and issue. This will aid the students in the development of research aptitude and level of analysis.

#### Aims of the FYIM in History:

The aims of the FYIM with honors in History (leading to the Masters Programme) are-

- 1. To enhance the students' learning about history as a Social Science discipline, by providing the students with a rigorous and challenging historical experiences aiming to develop sound theoretical background of the subject.
- 2. To enable the students to understand different historical methodologies.
- 3. To enable the students to systematic understanding of the history of India with special emphasis on Assam and North East India.
- 4. To develop the capabilities of the students to critically evaluate issues and the emerging trends influencing the field of history.
- 5. To introduce the students of different ethnographical, archeological, archival or others sources of history.
- 6. To familiarize students with educational technology and train them in the use of ICT in history.

#### **Graduate Attributes**

- A. **Disciplinary Knowledge**: To enable the students with foundational pedagogical knowledge of history from both theoretical and philosophical perspectives of the discipline.
- B. Communication Skills: The programme will train the students to have a critical understanding of the sources by interacting with them through different means of communication, which will ultimately disseminate them to the other disciplines.
- C. **Ethical Awareness and Reasoning**: The research project and methodology, dissertation courses in the programme will enhance the graduate's ability to identify the key ethical issues like intellectual property rights, plagiarism, data falsification, social media, environmental issues, artificial intelligence, besides the core disciplinary values.
- D. **Information Technology and Digital Literacy**: Aware knowledge of ICT, enhance ability to access various information sources and evaluate them critically and effectively along with other disciplines.
- E. **Reflective and Critical thinking:** The programme will enhance the level of analytical and critical thinking in investigating any given event or research related work.

F. **Research-Related Skill:** Programme includes courses on research methodology and projects which will enhance the aptitude and analytical aspects of the graduates to a level that help them in focusing on action-oriented research in future.

#### **Programme Specific Outcomes:**

- A. The graduates will acquire systematic knowledge on the human civilizations with special emphasis on Indian civilizations covering all aspects like political, socio-economic, art and architecture, culture, geographical environment, science and technology, etc.
- B. The programme imbibes broad skills pertaining to discipline of history including manuscript reading, decipher script, epigraphy and numismatic, developing archiving skill, commentary on declassified government/non-government documents, reports and dispatch.
- C. A graduate of history will enhance competency on various academic writings like essays, research project, newspapers editorial, participate debate on several burning issues having historical antecedent and implications.
- D. The programme shall enhance overall competency level of the students enabling them to serve as a competent human resource in various government and non-government sectors.
- E. The programme is so structured that gives avenue for further research and teaching in various academic and research institutions across disciplines.

#### **Teaching Learning Process (TLP)**

The programme allows to use varied pedagogical methods and techniques both within classroom and beyond.

- a. Lecture
- b. Tutorial
- c. Power point presentation
- d. Documentary film on related topic
- e. Project Work/Dissertation
- f. Group Discussion and debate
- g. Seminars/workshops/conferences
- h. Field visits and Report/Excursions
- i. Mentor/Mentee

#### **Teaching Learning Tools**

- a. Projectors and other electronic display systems
- b. White/Green/Black Board Assessment
- c. Books and Library
- d. Internet and e-library

### **Course Structure of Department of History**

Semester	Course Type	Code	Course Title	Credit
	Major- 1	HSTMAJ1011	History of India-I (Prehistory to c.300 BCE)	4
	Minor- 1	HSTMIN1011	History of Ancient India	4
	MDC- 1	HSTMDC1011	Museology	3
	AEC- 1	MILAEC1011	Modern Indian language (Assamese/Hindi/Sanskrit)	4
1 <sup>ST</sup>	VAC- 1A VAC- 1B (Any one)	VAC1011 VAC1012	Understanding India Or Health and Wellness	2
	SEC- 1	HSTSEC1011	Manuscripts Preparation and Preservation	3
			Total Credit	20
	Major- 2	HSTMAJ1021	Social Formation and Cultural Patterns of Ancient and Medieval World	4
	Minor- 2	HSTMIN1021	History of Medieval India	4
	MDC- 2	HSTMDC1021	Art and Iconography	3
2 <sup>nd</sup>	AEC-2	ENGAEC1021	Language and Communication skills in English	4
	VAC -2	VAC1021	Environmental Studies	2
	SEC- 2	HSTSEC121	Paintings of India	3
			Total Credit	20
	Major- 3	HSTMAJ2031	History of India II (c 300 BCE-500 CE)	4
	Major- 4	HSTMAJ2032	History of India III (post- Gupta-1206 CE)	4
,	Minor-3	HSTMIN2031	History of Modern India	4
3 <sup>rd</sup>	MDC- 3	HSTMDEC2031	Epigraphy	3
	VAC- 3A VAC- 3B	VAC2031 VAC2032	Yoga Mati Akhora	2
	SEC- 3	HSTSEC2031	Handloom and Handicraft of	3
	1 <sup>ST</sup>	Major- 1  Minor- 1  MDC- 1  AEC- 1  VAC- 1A  VAC- 1B  (Any one)  SEC- 1  Major- 2  Minor- 2  MDC- 2  AEC-2  VAC -2  SEC- 2  Major- 3  Major- 3  Major- 3  Major- 3  VAC- 3A  VAC- 3B  (Any one)	Major-1	Major-1

		Total Credit	20
		Assam	

	Semester	Course Type	Code	Courses	Credit
		Major- 5	HSTMAJ2041	History of India- IV (1206- 1526)	4
		Major- 6	HSTMAJ2042	Rise of Modern West	4
2	4th	Major- 7	HSTMAJ2043	History India- V (1526-1750)	4
		Major- 8	HSTMAJ2044	History of India- VI (1757-1857)	4
		Minor- 4	HSTMIN2041	Early and Medieval Assam	4
				Total Credit	20

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		Major- 9	HSTMAJ3051	History of Modern Europe (1789-1945)	4
		Major- 10	HSTMAJ3052	History of India- VII (1857- 1964)	4
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Major- 11	HSTMAJ3053	History of Early and Medieval Assam	4
		Minor- 5	HSTMIN3051	Modern Assam	4
		VAC	VAC3031	Digital Literacy	2
		Internship	INT3051		2
				Total Credit	20
3	Major- 12 Major- 13	HSTMAJ3061	Social and Economic History of Assam	4	
		Major- 13	HSTMAJ3062	Contemporary World	4
		Major- 14	HSTMAJ3063	HISHC 603.00- Historiography	4
	6 <sup>th</sup>	Major- 15	HSTMAJ3064A or HSTMAJ3064B	Art and Architecture of Early and Medieval India Or History of Modern South East Asia	4
		Minor- 6	HSTMIN3061A OR HSTMIN3061B	Rise of modern West Or History of Modern Europe (1789-1945)	4
				Total Credit	20

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#### **SEMESTER - I**

# COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA - I (Prehistory to C. 300 BCE) COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ1011

#### NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CORE

CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA + 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das

#### **Course Objectives (C.O):**

- 1. This paper is design as the students will able to acquire a particular understanding of the Ancient Indian history as well as the various sources and tools which are used in historical reconstruction.
- 2. It also tries to highlights the political as well as social formation of Northern and Southern India in Ancient Period.

#### **Course contents:**

	Торіс	Cro	edit
	Unit I		Tutorial tribution 5
1	Understanding sources of Ancient India - literary and archaeological sources  Historical interpretation (with special reference to Gender, environment, technology, and regions).	15	01
	Unit II		stribution 5
2	Defining Prehistory and Proto history, Sources of Indian Prehistory-Stone tools, Bones, Potsherds, and other technological developments  Paleolithic cultures - distribution, stone industries, technological development.	15	01
	Mesolithic cultures - distributions of sites, techniques and rock art, subsistence pattern  Neolithic period (tools techniques and subsistence pattern); Chalcolithic culture		
	Unit III	Mark Distribution 15	
3	Phases of Harappan Civilization-Geography and Chronology Urban features of Harappan civilization-Town planning, craft productions and trade; Harappan art and architecture	15	01

	Social and political organization, religious beliefs and practices.  The problem of urban decline, post Harappan tradition		
	Unit IV	Mark Dis	stribution 5
	Northern India - Vedic and post period-society, political, religious, economy (circa 1500 - 600 BCE).		
4	Early territorial states - Janapada and Mahajanapadas (c 600 - 300 BCE).	15	01
	Philosophical traditions - Buddhism and Jainism, Ajivika, Carvakas		
	Tamilakam (circa 300 BCE - circa CE 300).		
	TOTAL	60	04

#### **Learning Outcomes (L.O):**

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will develop grasps over the concepts of Prehistory and Proto history and various sources and tools and techniques which are used for the reconstruction of early Indian History.
- 2. It will help them to locate the urban growth in Harappan civilization and polity and economy of Early India up to 300 BCE.
- 3. They will also get to know about different religious and ideological development of early India and their influence over the society.

#### **Essential Readings:**

- R.S. Sharma, *India's Ancient Past*, New Delhi, OUP, 2007
- R.S. Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formation in Ancient India, 1983.
- V.K. Jain, Prehistory and Protohistory of India-An Appraisal, DK Printwood, 2006

Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early India from the beginnings to 1300, Penguin.

Romila Thapar, Early India from the Beginnings to 1300, Penguin, 2008

H.C. Raychaudhari,ed. Political History of Ancient India, Rev.

K.A.NSastri,ed. History of South India, OUP, 1966.

Irfan Habib, A People's History of India-Vol.-1,2002

Uma Chakravarti, The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism.

Rajan Gurukkal, Social Formations of Early South India, 2010.

R. Champakalakshmi, Trade. Ideology and urbanization: South India 300BC-AD 1300, 1996

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### <u>SEMESTER - I</u>

#### COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIA **COURSE CODE: HISMIN1011** NATURE OF THE COURSE: MINOR

CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+60 END SEM) **COURSE TEACHER: Ms. Aoyana Buragohain** 

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. The objective of this paper is to highlight the Ancient and Early Medieval India.
- 2. The paper also thrives to understand the various sources of Indian History i.e. literary, archeological, and numismatic.
- 3. This paper will able to provide a brief knowledge of political and economic development from Harappan to Early Medieval period. It also focuses to develop understanding of the changing administrative in early India in the changing economic contexts.

#### **Course contents:**

	Topic	Lecture	Tutorial
	Unit I	Mark Distribution 15	
1	Sources-Literary, archaeological, and numismatic Indus Valley Civilization - Origin, extent, major sites, features and decline and transformation Vedic Culture - Society, Economy, and Polity Rise of the territorial States- Janapadas and Mahajanapadas	15	1
	Unit II	Mark Distribution 15	
2	Rise of Magadha - Haryanka and Nandas Alexander's Invaison of India Rise of the Mauryan Empire under Asoka, Asoka's Dhamma Mauryan administration, causes of decline	15	1
	Unit III	Mark Distribution 15	
3	Political and economic Developments in the Post - Mauryan period-the Sungas, Kanvas, Kushanas and Satavahanas.  The Tamils and Sangam Age.  The Sakas, Parthians, and the Indo-Greeks in India The Guptas and the Vakatakas	15	1

	Unit IV	Mark Distribution 15	
	Developments in the post-Gupta period - Vardhanas, Palas and Pratiharas		
4	The Pallavas, the Rashtrakutas and the Chalukyas - state and administration	15	1
	The Imperial Cholas	10	1
	The Arabs and the Turks in Indian politics - Ghaznivids		
	and the Ghorid Invasions		
	TOTAL	60	04

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O)**

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will be able to understand the basic concepts of early and medieval India.
- 2. The students will also have the knowledge on the sources of ancient India as well as the political and dynastic chronology of the subcontinent up to 1200 C.E.
- 3. This course will enhance their knowledge over various invasions took place in Indian subcontinent that shapes the political behavior of the region.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson

Ranabir Chakravarti, Exploring Early India, Macmillan

R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, Oxford

D.N. Jha, Early India -A concise History (From the Beginning to the Twelfth Century)

D.D Kosambi, The Culture and Civilisation of Ancient India in Historical outline

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### Semester – I

Course Title: Museology Course Code: HSTMDC1011

**Nature of the Course: Multi-Disciplinary Elective Course** 

Credit: 03

Total Marks: 100 (40 IA+ 60 End Sem) Course Teacher: Aoyana Buragohain

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. The objective of this course is to introduce students the purpose and functioning of museums.
- 2. The students will also able to learn the various perspective of museum.
- 3. The students will be acquainted with the development of museum in India as well as Assam.

#### **Course Contents:**

	Topic	Lecture	Tutorial			
	Unit I: Introduction to Museology					
	Mark Distribution 20					
1	1.01: Definition of Museum, scope and function (aims and objectives) 1.02: Museology, Museography and other developments, Digital heritage 1.03: Types and Classification of Museums, changing concepts of Museums 1.04: Museology as a profession	15	2			
	Unit II: History and Philosophy of Museums in India and Assam					
	Mark Distribution 20					
2	<ul><li>2.01: Museum movement in India</li><li>2.02: Growth and Expansion of Museums in the Colonial</li><li>Context- National Museum, New Delhi</li><li>2.03: Assam State Museum</li></ul>	15	1			
	Unit III: Functions and Types of Museum	ıs				
	Mark Distribution 20					
3	<ul> <li>3.01: Primary functions of the Museum (Collection, Conservation, Documentation, Exhibition, Education and Research).</li> <li>3.02: Art and Archaeological Museums, Anthropological Museums, Ethnological Museums, Natural History</li> </ul>	20	1			

Museums, Science Museums, Children's Museums		
3.03: A Visit to Museum (Field trip)		
TOTAL	5	4

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O):**

- 1. After completion of the course, the students will also learn the basic functions of museum and their activities. Definition, philosophy, types of museums, collection, documentation and activities relating to museum are the major topics students learn about.
- 2. The students will also learn the changing pattern of the Museum in India as well as Assam.
- 3. The students will get an idea on the development of Museum studies in Indian subcontinent.

#### **Essential Reading**

- Agarwal Usha, 2000. Directory of Museums in India. New Delhi: Sundeep Prakashan
- Alexander Edward P. 1995: Museum Masters: Their Museum and Their Influence. USA: Altamira Press
- Barringer, T.J., Flynn, T. (eds.). (1998). Colonialism and the object: Empire, material culture, and the Museum. Routledge.
- Bennett, Tony (1995). The birth of the Museum: history, theory, politics. Routledge.
- Edson, G., and D. Dean 1994. Handbook of Museum. New York: Routledge.
- Jenkins, P.1993. Museum Features, Museums Journal 19(7): 22-23
- Guha, Tapti: Monuments, Objects, Histories, Institutions of Art in Colonial and Post-Colonial India

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation/Field report etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - I**

## COURSE TITLE: MANUSCRIPTS PREPARATION AND PRESERVATION COURSE CODE: HSTSEC1011

## NATURE OF THE COURSE: SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE CREDIT: 03

TOTAL MARKS: 100: Theory 50 (40% IA, 60% End Sem) Practical 50 (40% IA, 60% End Sem)

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. To create an awareness among the students about our traditional heritage and how to preserve and conserve them for future generation.
- 2. On fulfillment of the course, the students will be equipped with different skills of manuscript and Painting preparation culminating into diverse prospects.

#### **Course contents:**

	Topic	Lecture	Tutorial
	Unit I	Mark Distribution 25	
1	Introduction to manuscript writing and painting preparation in India  Different forms of traditional paintings	20	2
	Bark painting and other Indigenous methods		
	Unit II	Mark Distril	oution 25
2	Purpose of manuscript preservation and conservation Traditional methods related to the preservation of manuscript and painting Scientific methods related to the preservation of manuscript and painting	20	3
3	Practical (Field Visit plus Workshop)	Mark Distribution 50	
	TOTAL	40	5

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O):**

- 1. The students will get to know the very basics of manuscript and painting making and its various stages of development
- 2. They will also be equipped with the knowledge of preserving and conserving through both traditional and scientific knowledge.
- 3. The practical training and field visits enable them in developing their skills in this particular field.

#### **Essential Reading**

H. Bundgaard. Indian Art Worlds in Contention, Curson Press. 1999.

Naren Kalita, Asamar Puthichitra, Publication Board Assam, 1996.

- M. Baishya, Baishnav Citrar Dhara, Asom Sahitya Sabha, 1999.
- P. Chaliha. Asamar Citrakala, Asom Sahitya Sabha, 1993.
- B. Goswamee, Traditional Methods of Sancipat Making and Preparation of ink in Ancient Assam. Indigenous Methods and Manuscript Preservation. A. Sah (Ed), Guwahati, 2006.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation/Field report etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - II**

## COURSE TITLE: SOCIAL FORMATIONS AND CULTURAL PATTERNS OF ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL WORLD

#### COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ1021 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CORE CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA +60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. The objective of this course is to highlight the major factors that led to the social formations and cultural patterns of the ancient and medieval world.
- 2. The students will be acquainted with the development of Bronze Age Civilizations throughout the world as well as development of slave and polis societies in Ancient Greece.
- 3. The students will also able to learn the changes and crisis faced by early and medieval societies.

#### **Course contents:**

	Topic	Credit	
	Unit- I	Lecture Mark Distribut	Tutorial ion: 15
1	<ul><li>1.1 Evolution of Humankind: Pre historic culture: features of Paleolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic</li><li>1.2 Bronze and Iron Age: Iron Debate, Characteristic, Important sites</li></ul>	13	3
	Unit- II	Mark Distribut	ion: 15
2	<ul> <li>2.1 Mesopotamian Civilization: Upto Akkadian: Temple economy, Law Codes</li> <li>2.2 Egyptian Civilization: Polity, Art and Architecture, Religion.</li> <li>2.3 Chinese Civilization: Polity and administration, Science and Technological Development</li> </ul>	13	3
	Unit III	Mark Distribut	ion: 15
3	<ul> <li>3.1 Greek Civilization: Athenian Democracy, Society and Culture, Slavery</li> <li>3.2 Roman Civilization: Establishment of Republic, Society and Cultures, trade, and Urbanization</li> <li>3.3 Europe in Medieval age: feudalism, Expansion of Christianity.</li> </ul>	13	3

	Unit- IV	Mark Distribut	ion: 15
	4.1 The Aztee and the Maya - The origin, Society, Religion, Economy, Art and Architecture, Decline		
4	4.2 The Incas: Origin, Polity, Religion, Society and Economy, Art and Architecture, Decline	13	3
	4.3 Central Islamic civilization (Arab and Persia): Rise of Islam, Ummah, Caliphate, Crusades		
	TOTAL	52	12

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O)**

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will be acquainting with the historical developments of various civilizations of ancient and medieval world.
- 2. They will have a comprehensive view about various political, economic, and cultural developments of different human societies
- 3. The students will also learn the changes and crisis faced by early and medieval societies.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Burns and Ralph, World Civilizations

Gordon Childe, What Happened in History

UNESCO series, History of Mankind

Amar Farooqui, Early Social Formations

Rakesh Kumar, Ancient and Medieval World: From Evolution of Humans to the Crisis of Feudalism

Perry Anderson, Passages from Antiquity to Feudalism

Charles Phillips, et al, Aztec and Maya: The Complete Illustrated History

Marc Bloch, Feudal Society, 2 Vols.

G.Clark, World Prehistory: A New Perspective

George Duby, The Early Growth of European Economy

Eric Brown, Maya Civilization

Jaya S.Nagendra , A Biography of World Civilization, VL-III

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - II**

#### COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA COURSE CODE: HSTMIN1021 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MINOR

CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+60 END SEM)

COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Preetima Gogoi

#### **Course Objectives (C.O):**

- 1. The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the political developments in India from the Sultanate to the Mughal period along with their extension and consolidation of kingdom via various invasions and other political methodologies.
- 2. This paper will also discuss on society, economy, and religious traditions of that particular period
- 3. The course of events during the medieval period of Indian history will correspondingly be highlighted.

#### **Course contents:**

	Торіс	Lecture	Tutorial
	Unit I	Mark Distril	oution 15
	Indian Polity during 11 <sup>th</sup> 12 <sup>th</sup> Century: background		
	Advent the Arabs and the Turks in Indian Politics- Ghazivids and the Ghorid Invasions		
1	Establishment of the Delhi Sultanate – (a) the slave dynasty (b) the Khalzis – AlauddinKhaljis administration (c) the Tughlaqs -Experiment of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq	13	3
	Disintegration of the Delhi Sultanate and Rise of Provincial Kingdoms- Vijayanagar and Bahmani Kingdom		
	Unit II	Mark Distril	oution 15
	Establishment of Mughal Rule (a) India on eve of Babur's invasion and establishment of the Mughal rule under Babur; Military technology warfare (use of firearms) Humayuns struggle for empire (c) Sher Shah, his administrative and Revenue Reforms.		
2	Consolidation of the Mughal Rule Under Akbar: (a) Campaign and Conquest of Bengal, sulh I kul, Din -i- Ilahi. Mughal Empire Under Jahangir and Sahjahan ,Aurangazeb	13	3
	Evolution of Administrative Institutions and apparatus: zabt, mansab, jagir, madad-i-mash grants, Zamindars and peasants (Khudkasht and pahikasht).		

	Unit III	Mark Distril	oution 15
3	Decline and disintegration of the Mughal Empire: various issues	12	c
3	Emergence of Regional powers: Maratha, Nawabs of Bengal	13	3
	Unit IV	Mark Distril	oution 15
	Bhakti Movement: Saguna and Nirguna trends (Tulsi, Kabir, Meerabai) growth and development of Bhakti literature.		
4	Sufism in India: basic characteristics and important Silsilahs(Chistis and Suhrawardis).	13	3
	Guru Nanak and Emergence of Sikhs.		
	Developments of Art and Architecture in Medieval India: Important features of Indo Islamic style, characteristic of paintings).		
	TOTAL	52	12

#### **Learning Outcome:**

- 1. After completion of this course, the student will understand the history of medieval India and with various political activities.
- 2. The students will also have the knowledge on the sources of medieval India as well as the political history and dynastic chronology of the sub-continent from 1200 C.E.
- 3. This paper will also give an understanding of socio religious developments of medieval period.

#### **Essential Readings**

Satish Chandra, Medieval India.

Salma Ahmed Farooqui, A Comprehensive History of Medieval India

Vipul Singh, Interpreting Medieval India: Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and regions

Meena Bhargava, Understanding Mughal India: 16th to 18th centuries

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### Semester – II

Course Title: Art and Iconography Course Code: HSTMDC1021

**Nature of the Course: Multi-Disciplinary Elective Course** 

Credit: 03

Total Marks: 100 (40 IA+ 60 End Sem) Course Teacher: Dr. Nisha Rani Das

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. To explore the historical roots and developmental trajectory of image worship and iconographic traditions, with a focus on their cultural and artistic significance in Indian art.
- To examine the artistic and cultural developments from the Pre-Vedic, Mauryan, and Post-Mauryan periods, highlighting the contributions of different schools and the influence of Greek and regional art traditions.
- 3. To study the distinctive features of Brahmanical iconography, major deities, and the unique contributions of Assamese and East Indian art traditions, including the Pala and Deopani Schools.

#### **Course Contents:**

	Торіс	Lecture	Tutorial	
	Unit I: Origin and Development			
	Mark Distribution 15			
	1.01: Origin and development of Image Worship			
1	1.02: Fundamentals of Art; Features of Iconography; Different Mudras	13	2	
	1.03: Pre-Vedic Iconography			
	Unit II: Post-Mauryan			
	Mark Distribution 15			
	2.01: Mauryan art and iconography, Buddha, and Bodhisattvas; Tirthankaras			
2	2.02: Sunga, Kushana, and Satavahana Iconography (different Schools and Features)	12	3	
	2.03: Influences from Greek Iconography in Indian regional art			
	Unit III: Brahmanical Iconography	у		
	Mark Distribution 15			

3	<ul><li>3.01: Key Concepts and terminologies of Iconography</li><li>3.02: Gupta School of Art and Iconographic developments</li></ul>	10	3
	3.03: Major Brahmanical deities and their iconography- Vishnu, Siva, Devi, Surya, and Ganapati		
	Unit IV: Regional Images of Assam		
	Mark Distribution 15		
	4.01: The Classical art of Assam and its influences in the later periods		
4	4.02: Deopani School of art and iconography: regional elements	10	1
	4.03: East Indian School of Medieval Art: Pala School		
	4.04: The iconography of Medieval Assam		
	TOTAL 54		4

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O):**

- 1. Students will gain a clear understanding of the origins, fundamentals, and development of iconography, including the features of different artistic traditions and Mudras.
- 2. Students will develop the ability to analyse the artistic and cultural influences on Indian iconography across time, with a focus on the regional and classical art traditions of Assam.
- 3. Students will acquire an appreciation for the diversity of Indian iconographic traditions, including Brahmanical and Buddhist iconography, and their relevance to Indian cultural heritage.

#### **Essential Reading**

- Gupte, R.S., *Iconography of the Hindus, Buddhists and Jainas*, Bombay, 1972
- Bhattacharya, B., *Indian Buddhist Iconography*, Oxford, 1924
- Rao, T. A. Gopinath, *Elements of Hindu Iconography* 3 vols, 1914
- Banerjee, J.N., Development of Hindu Iconography, Calcutta 1958
- Bhattasali, N.K. *Iconography of Buddhist and Brahmanical Sculptures in the Dacca Museum*, Dacca, 1929
- Gupta, R.S., Iconography of Hindus, Buddhists and Jains, Bombay 1964

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation/Field report etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### Semester – II

#### Course Title: Paintings of India Course Code: HSTSEC1021

#### **Nature of the Course: Skill Enhancement Course**

Credit: 03

TOTAL MARKS: 100: Theory 50 (40% IA, 60% End Sem) Practical 50 (40% IA, 60% End Sem) Course Teacher: Dr. Preetima Gogoi

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. To create an awareness among the students about the various traditional paintings of India from the ancient period to modern times
- 2. On fulfillment of the course, the students will be equipped with different skills of usages of techniques, colours and process of paintings.
- 3. The course intends to aware students about the process of painting and its related usages such as binding and preservation.

#### **Course contents:**

	Торіс	Lecture	Tutorial
	Unit I	Mark Distril	oution 25
1	<ul> <li>1.01: Introduction to the history of paintings in India</li> <li>1.02: Primitive Rock Paintings and painted pottery</li> <li>1.03: Mural Paintings in India- Ajanta and Ellora Cave Paintings</li> <li>1.04: Miniature Paintings of India- Pala School of Art, Miniature Art during the Medieval Period</li> </ul>	20	2
	Unit II	Mark Distril	oution 25
2	<ul> <li>2.01: Mughal School of Paintings and famous painters of the period</li> <li>2.02: Regional School of Paintings- Mewar, Kishangarh, Bundi, Marwar, Pahari</li> <li>2.03: Paintings of South India</li> <li>2.04: Various Folk paintings of India- Madhubani, Kalighat, Patua, Pattachitra, Warli, Tangka, Paitkar, Kalamkari, Pithora, Saura etc.</li> <li>2.05: Paintings of Assam: Ahom school, Sattriya School, Garhgaon School, and Darrang school</li> </ul>	20	3

3	Practical (Field Visit plus Workshop)		Mark Distrik	oution 50
	7	ГОТАL	40	5

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O):**

- 1. After the completion of the course the students will have in depth knowledge about not only the traditional paintings of India but also the folk paintings as well.
- 2. The students will also learn about the how the technique of paintings evolved with the change of time and place.
- 3. The students will also learn about the various regional paintings and their uniqueness.

#### **Essential Readings:**

- Chaitanya, K. A History of Indian Paintings, The Mural Tradition, New Delhi, 1976.
- Behl, Benoy.K, *The Ajanta Caves: ancient paintings of Buddhist India*, Thames and Hudson, London, 1998.
- Singh. Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, From the Stone Age to the 12<sup>th</sup> Century, Pearson, 2008
- Coomaraswamy, Rajput Paintings, Oxford, 1916.
- Cunningham. A, *Archaeological Survey of India Reports*, Vol. I (Shimla 1871) Vol. XXII, (Calcutta 1885)
- Dhavalikar, M.K, Masterpieces of Indian Terracottas, Bombay, 1977
- Frankfort.Henri, The Art and Architecture of the Ancient Orient, Penguin Books, London, 1954
- Havel. F.B, *Indian Sculpture and Painting*, London, 1908.
- Nath.R, History of Decorative Art in Mughal Architecture, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1976

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation/Field report etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - III**

# COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA II (C. 300 BCE- 500 CE) COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ2031 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+60 END SEM)

**COURSE TEACHER: Aoyana Buragohain** 

#### **Course Objective (CO):**

- 1. The goal of the paper is to comprehend the political development of India from the Mauryan to the Gupta dynasties, the two most important dynasties in the early history of the Indian subcontinent.
- 2. It will cover the period from 300 BCE to 500 CE, during which various native and foreign dynasties ruled the nation along with their socio-economic impact on the region.
- 3. The economic condition of India during the said period will be highlighted.

#### **Course Contents**

	Торіс	Credit		
Cl	Unit-1 Lecture Tutorial Changing political formations-I: Mark Distribution: 15		*****	
		IVILLI D		
1.1	The Sources- understanding the period from 300 BCE to 500 CE	4	1	
1.2	The Mauryan Empire- Extent and political control, reigning period of Asoka; Administrative	3		
1.3	policies Asoka's Dhamma, Rise of Buddhism, Decline of Mauryan	3	1	
1.4	Empire Post-Mauryan politics- Sunga, Kanva, and Satavahanas	3	1	
	Unit- 2	Mark Distribut	ion: 15	
Cha	anging political formations -II:			
2.1	The political scenario under the Indo-Greeks, Sakas, and Pahlavas	4	1	
2.2	Rise of Kushanas and their extension	3	1	
2.3	Gupta Empire: Extent, sources, administration, decline	3	1	
2.4	Contemporaries of the Guptas	3		
	Unit- 3 Cultural development	Mark Distribut	ion: 15	

3.1	Art and architecture-Mauryan and post-Mauryan (pillars,	4	1	
2.2	sculptures, stupa, chaitya)			
3.2	Art and architecture-Gupta and Vakataka (temple, cave, sculptures), Ajanta paintings	3	1	
3.3	Transformations in different religious traditions: Buddhism, Jainism, and other Puranic tradition	3	1	
3.4	A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit, and Tamil literature, Scientific and technical treatises	3		
Econ	Unit-4 nomy and Society (300 BCE to 500 CE)	Mark Distri	ibution: 15	
4.1	Expansion of agrarian economy	4	1	
4.2	Urban centres and Craft production	3		
4.3	Trade-internal and external, metallic coinage.	3	1	
4.4	Social Stratification: Varna, Jati, Untouchability	3	1	
	1		1	
Total		52	12	

#### **Learning Outcome (LO):**

- 1 After the completion of the course, the students will have a very good understanding about the rich part of Indian history specifically from the Mauryan to the Gupta period.
- 2 The students will be acquainted with the changing political formations, trade, urbanism, coinage, religious and socio-cultural developments of the period concerned.
- 3 They will also gain knowledge about the rich heritage of Indian subcontinent from the Mauryan period specifically art and architecture, language, and literature etc. that continued up to the later periods.

#### **Essential Reading:**

Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008

- R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, OUP, 2007
- D.P.Chattopadhyaya, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India
- D.D. Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History,
- S.K.Maity, Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period,
- B.P. Sahu(ed), Land System and Rural Society in Early India,

K.A. N. Sastri, A History of South India.

Romila Thapar, Asoka, and the Decline of the Maurya's, 1997.

Susan Huntington, The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, and Jain

R. Chakrabarti, Exploring Early India, Macmillan, 2013

N.N.Bhattacharya, Ancient Indian Rituals and Their Social Contents

J.C. Harle, The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent

P. L.Gupta, Coins.

Kesavan Veluthat, The Early Medieval in South India

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER: III**

COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA- III (post-Gupta to 1206 CE)
COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ2032
NATURE OF COURSE: MAJOR
CREDIT: 4

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA +60 END SEMESTER) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. This paper is designed in such a way that the students can acquire detail understanding of the history of India from the Post-Gupta period to the year of arrival of the Sultanates (1206 C.E).
- 2. To develop understanding of the political, economic, and social aspects of the particular period.
- 3. To develop understanding of the changing administrative system in socio-economic context.

#### **Course Contents:**

	Topic	Credit		
	Unit-1	Lecture	Tutorial	
	Polity and Administration	Mark Distribut	ion: 15	
1.1	Sources: literary texts, epigraphic and numismatic sources	3	1	
1.2	Evolution of Political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas	3		
1.3	Polity and administration	3	1	
1.4	Legitimization of kingship, brahmanas and temples, royal genealogies, and rituals	4	1	
•	Unit- 2	Mark Distribut	ion: 15	
	Political Structure			
2.1	Chalukya, Pallava and Cholaspolity and administration	4	1	
2.2	Arab conquest of Sindh: nature and impact of the new set-up, Ismaili dawah	4	1	
2.3	Causes and consequences of early Turkish invasions: Mahmud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur	5	1	
	Unit- 3	Mark Distribut	ion: 15	
Agra	arian Structure, Trade, and Social Changes			
3.1	Land grant: survey, measurement, revenue,	4	1	
3.2	Agricultural expansion Feudal economy and polity in early medieval India, Feudal	3	1	

	debate	3	1
3.3	Internal and External Trade,		
	Urban centers ,Temples as center	3	
	of economic activites		
3.4	Coinage and money economy,		
	Merchant guilds of South India		
	Unit-4	Mark Distr	ribution: 15
R	eligious and Cultural Changes		
4.1	Growth of Bhakti philosophy-	3	1
	Alvars and Nayanars		
	(d) Art and Architecture:		
	Nagara, Dravida and Vesara		
4.2	Islamic intellectual traditions:	3	
	Al-Biruni;Al-Hujwiri		
4.3	A survey of Literature (royal	3	1
	biographies- charitas, technical		
	treatises, historical texts-		
	Rajatarangini)		
4.4	Art and Architecture: Nagara,	4	1
	Dravida and Vesara		
	Western Indian school of		
	paintings and Pala school of		
	painting		
<b>Total</b>		52	12

#### **Learning Outcome (LO):**

- 1. After the completion of the course, it will give an idea about the political as well as religious structure of the post-Gupta period of Indian history.
- 2. The students will be acquainted with the changing political structures, agrarian structures, social change, trade, urbanism, religious and cultural developments during the period concerned.
- 3. Moreover, this course offers a great deal of cultural understanding in the sphere of religious movements and art and architectural developments within the specific time period.

#### **Essential Readings:**

- R.S. Sharma, *Indian Feudalism (circa 300 1200)*.
- B.D. Chattopadhyaya, *The Making of Early Medieval India*.
- R.S. Sharma and K.M. Shrimali, eds, *Comprehensive History of India, Vol. IV (A & B)*.

Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami, eds, *Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanat*.

Hermann Kulke, ed., The State in India (AD 1000 – AD 1700).

N. Karashima, South Indian History and Society (Studies from Inscriptions, AD 850 – 1800).

Derryl N. Maclean, Religion and Society in Arab Sindh.

Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization

Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008

Romila Thapar, Early India from origins upto 1300 AD, Penguin, 2002

N. Karashima, South Indian History and Society (Studies from Inscriptions, AD 850-1800 Derry IN.

Maclean, Religion and Society in Arab Sindh ☐ Richard Davis Lives of Indian Images.

Romila Thapar, Somanatha: The Many Voices of History.

John S. Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India.

Vijaya Ramaswamy, Walking Naked: Women, Society, and Spirituality in South India.

Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - III**

#### COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA COURSE CODE: HSTMIN2031 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MINOR

CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objective (CO):**

- 1. The goal of the paper is to understand the development of local dynasties after the decline of Mughal empire and the establishment of British rule in India.
- 2. Additionally, it will incorporate various expansionist measures taken by the British government and the East India Company to maintain their superiority over the Indian states.
- 3. The revolts of various communities against British policies will also be made known to the students.

#### **Course Contents**

	Topic		Credit	
(D)	Unit-1	Lecture	Tutorial	
	ne Beginning of British Rule	Mark Distributi		
1.1	Decline and disintegration of the	4	1	
	Mughal Empire and the growth			
	of regional powers.			
1.2	The establishment of the British	3		
	Rule in India; The battle of			
	Plassey; The battle of Buxar			
1.3	Robert Clive and his dual	3	1	
	administration in Bengal; Anglo-			
	French Revolution			
1.4	Expansion and consolidation of	3	1	
	the British Rule under Warren			
	Hastings and Lord Cornwallis.			
	Unit- 2	Mark Distributi	on: 15	
	The Relations and Reforms			
2.1	British relations with the	4	1	
	princely states of Maratha and			
	Mysore; Lord Wellesley and the			
	policy of Subsidiary Alliance;			
	Lord Hastings and his			
	relationship with the Indian			
	States.			
		3	1	
2.2	Lord Bentinck and his Reforms;			
	Raja Ram Mohan Roy and the			
	Growth of Western Education in			
	India	3	1	
2.3	The Growth and Expansion of			

2.4	Lord Dalhousie and his Policy of Expansion- The Doctrine of Lapse The Revolt of 1857- Causes and Consequences, The government of India Act of 1858  Unit- 3	3 Mark Distril	bution: 15		
Unit- 3 Different Movements and Acts		Walk Distri	oution. 13		
3.1	Socio-Religious Reform Movements in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century	3	1		
3.2	Growth of Nationalism and the Establishment of the Indian National Congress, Moderates and Extremist Phase	3	1		
3.3	Lord Curzon and the Partition of Bengal- The Swadeshi Movement in India, Home Rule Movement- Growth of Revolutionary Movement	4	1		
3.4	Constitutional Reforms Acts of 1861, Act of 1891, Act of 1909, and Act of 1919	3			
Gand	Unit-4 Ihian Politics and Independence	Mark Distri	Mark Distribution: 15		
4.1	Gandhi in Indian Politics- Kheda and Champaran, The Khilafat and the Non-Cooperation Movement, the Civil Disobedience Movement	3	1		
4.2	Peasants Movements, Labour Movements and Depressed Class Movements	3			
4.3	The Growth of the Left, Muslim League and Communal Politics in India government of India Act 1935, Provincial Election in 1937 and the Congress Politics	4	1		
4.4	The Quit India Movement, INA, RIN Movement, Cabinet Mission Plan and Partition of India	3	1		
Total		52	12		

#### **Learning Outcome (LO):**

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will understand the major factors that led to the establishment and consolidation of the British rule in India. The student will also acquaint with the socio-economic impact of the policies introduced by the British.
- 2. The students will understand the process of the growth of nationalist movement, its different phases leading to Independence and partition.
- 3. The course will also help to understand different strategies of Gandhi for attaining long gone independence.

#### **Essential Reading:**

Bandyopadhya, Sekhar. (2004). From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, Orient Longman Ltd. Hyderabad,.

Chandra. B; M. Mukherjee. (1990). India's Struggle for Independence, Penguin Books, New Delhi,

Dodewell, W (ed) The Cambridge History of India, Vol.V. S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 1990.

Desai, A. R: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Popular Publication, New Delhi, 1990.

Fisher, Micheal: *The Politics of the British Annexation of India, 1757 – 1857*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

Gopal, S: The British Policy in India, 1858-1905, Mc. Millan, New Delhi, 1992.

Grewal, J. S: The Sikhs of the Punjab, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### Semester – III

Course Title: Epigraphy Course Code: HSTMDC2031

**Nature of the Course: Multi-Disciplinary Elective Course** 

Credit: 03

Total Marks: 100 (40 IA+ 60 End Sem) Course Teacher: Dr. Nisha Rani Das

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. To introduce students to the history and significance of epigraphic studies as a vital source for reconstructing historical narratives.
- 2. To familiarize students with the origins, development, and decipherment of ancient Indian scripts and inscriptions, including their geographic and cultural contexts.
- 3. To enable students to critically analyse inscriptions, highlighting their historical, cultural, and linguistic contributions across regions and time periods.

#### **Course Contents:**

	Торіс	Lecture	Tutorial		
Unit I: History of Epigraphy  Mark Distribution 15					
1	1.01: The History of Epigraphic Studies 1.02: Inscriptions as a source of History 1.03: Origin and Writing of Script in Indian context: Harappan Scripts; Problems and Issues	13	2		
Unit II: The earliest deciphered inscriptions  Mark Distribution 15					
2	<ul> <li>2.01: The earliest script in Indian subcontinent: Brahmi (Early, Middle and Late Brahmi)</li> <li>2.02: Asokan Edicts: Nature, Geographic distributions, Language, and script</li> <li>2.03: Decipherment of major rock edicts of Asoka (Reading and understanding)</li> </ul>	12	3		
Unit III: Historical and Cultural Importance  Mark Distribution 15					
3	<ul><li>3.01: Besnagar Pillar Inscription of Heliodorus</li><li>3.02: Junagadh Rock Inscription of Rudradaman</li><li>3.03: Hathigumpha Rock Inscription of Kharavela</li></ul>	12	3		

	3.04: Sarnath Image Inscription of the time of Kanishka			
Unit IV: Regional Variations				
Mark Distribution: 15				
	4.01: Gupta and Satavahana Brahmi			
4	4.02: Siddhamatrika	8	1	
	4.03: Proto-Bengali and DevaNagari			
	TOTAL	54		

#### **Learning Outcome (L.O):**

- 1. Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of the evolution of Indian scripts and their role in documenting historical events.
- 2. Students will develop the ability to interpret significant inscriptions, such as the Asokan edicts and regional epigraphic records, within their historical and cultural frameworks.
- 3. Students will acquire skills to assess the merits and limitations of inscriptions as primary sources for historical research.

#### **Essential Reading**

- Dani. A. H, Indian Palaeography, Delhi, (2nd.ed.)1986.
- Sircar, D.C. Introduction to Indian Epigraphy and Palaeography, Journal of Ancient Indian History, 4,1970-71,72-136.
- Verma T.P. The Palaeography of Brahmi Script, Varanasi,1971.
- Barua, B.M. Inscriptions of Asoka, pt. II, Calcutta, 1943. -----, Asoka and His Inscriptions, Calcutta, 1946.
- Basak, R.G. (ed.by), Asokan Inscriptions, Calcutta, 1959.
- Hultzsch, E. Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum, Vol. I, Inscriptions of Asoka, Oxford, 1925.
- Epigraphia Indica, Vol. VIII (iv, v, vi, vii); Vol. XX (iii).

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### Semester – III

#### Course Title: Handloom and Handicraft of Assam Course Code: HSTSEC2031

**Nature of the Course: Skill Enhancement Course** 

Credit: 03

TOTAL MARKS: 100: Theory 50 (40% IA, 60% End Sem) Practical 50 (40% IA, 60% End Sem) Course Teacher: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objective (C.O):**

- 1. To create an awareness among the students about various traditional industries of Assam
- 2. The students will be able to understand the cultural implications of handloom and handicraft industries of Assam and their importance in the daily life of Assamese society.
- 3. To familiarize the students with different skills emerged in Majuli and their practical inferences.

#### **Course contents:**

	Topic	Lecture	Tutorial
	Unit I	Mark Distribution 25	
1	<ul><li>1.01: Defining the characteristic features of Handloom</li><li>1.02: Traditional weaving industries of Assam, Importance of weaving as an occupation of the women folk of Assam</li></ul>		
	1.03: Indigenous Silk fabrics of Assam, Importance of Muga, Pat, and Eri silk	20	2
	1.04: Silk weaving looms and the weaving techniques of different communities of Majuli		
	1.05: Importance of Sualkuchi in the Handloom history and handloom industry of Assam		
	Unit II	Mark Distribution 25	
2	2.01: Defining handicraft, characteristics and importance of handicraft		
	2.02; Mask making of Assam, mask making of Satras of Majuli, masks of Samaguri Satra		
	2.03: Pottery crafts of Assam; Traditional hand pottery of Majuli	20	3
	2.04: Traditional Bell Metal handicraft of Assam, Importance of Sarthebari in the Bell Metal Industry of Assam		

	2.05: Bamboo Handicraft of Assam, Importance of Bamboo in the handicraft Industry and also the lifestyles of the people of Assam		
3	Practical (Field Visit plus Workshop)	Mark Distril	oution 50
	TOTAL	40	5

- 1. The students will be able to learn about the indigenous techniques and knowledge systems used in traditional crafts.
- 2. They can also explore the social and economic implications of these industries on rural livelihoods.
- 3. They can gain knowledge about the tools and equipment used in traditional crafts.

#### **Essential Readings:**

- Goswami, Priyam. 2005. Indigenous Industries of Assam. Anshah Publishing House.
- Handiques, Krishna Jyoti. 2024. Handicrafts in Assam. Kalpag Publications.
- Phukon, Rajashree. 2021. Traditional Textiles of Ethnic Communities of Assam. Notion Press
- Pillai, Jagadeesh. 2023. Indian Handicrafts. Notion Press.
- Roy, Sankar. K. Textile Traditions of North-East India. Raj Publications.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### <u>SEMESTER – IV</u>

COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA IV (1206-1526)
COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ2041
NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CORE
CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA + 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Preetima Gogoi

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. This paper is designed in an inclusive manner which will help the students to have a comprehensive understanding of the Early Medieval Indian history.
- 2. The paper also intends to familiarize the students with various methods and sources used in historical reconstruction.
- 3. The paper will also acquaint the students with the political, social and economic formation of the Early Medieval Period.

Торіс			Cred	lit
	Unit-1: Sources	Lectur	re	Tutorial
		Ma	rks Distri	bution: 12
1.1	Persian tarikh tradition: (Chachnama, Tarikh-ul-Hind, Taj-ul maasir, Khazain-ul Fatuh, Tabqat-i Nasiri, Tarikh-i Feroz shahi, Futuhat-i-Firozshahi, and	3		1
1.2	Fatwa-i Jahandari).  Vernacular Literature (Chandayan, Pritviraj Raso) and Foreigners Accounts (Al Baruni,	3		1
1.3	Marco Polo, Ibn Batuta).  Epigraphy, Architecture and Numismatic Sources.	3		1
_	t- 2: Structure of Polities and anging Power Configurations	Ma	rks Distri	bution: 12
2.1	Definition of State, Foundation and Expansion of Delhi Sultanate: The Khiljis and the Tughlaqs.	3		1
2.2	The Lodhis and the Battle of Panipat.	2		

2.3	Theories of Kingship, Rituals, Court culture and ceremonies.		
2.4	Structure of administration, Composition of nobility.	3	1
		3	
Un	it- 3: Rise of Provincial Powers	Marks Dis	tribution: 12
3.1	Vijayanagar and Bahmani.	3	1
3.2	Bengal.	2	
3.3	Economy and Networks of Control.	3	1
3.4	Formation and consolidation of Regional Identities (Art, literature, architecture etc.).	3	
1	Unit-4: Religion and Society	 Marks Dis	tribution: 12
4.1	Emergence of Sufism, Its Doctrines and Principles, Various <i>Silsilahs</i> and their importance.	3	1
4.2	Bhakti Movement in South and North India, Saguna and Nirguna traditions, Various saints.	3	
4.3	Vernacular and Sufi Literatures.	2	1
4.4	Islam, <i>Ulemas</i> and the basic principles of Islamic faith.	2	1
Uni	t 5: State, Society and Economy	Mark Dis	tribution: 12
5.1	Agrarian Relations, Peasants, Village communities and Rural gentry.	2	1

5.2	Land ownership, Land Survey and Revenue Assessment, <i>Iqtas</i> and the revenue free land grants.	3	
5.3	Innovations and Technology in Agricultural Sector, Cropping patterns.	2	1
5.4	Trade and Commerce: Market Reforms and Policies, Inland and Maritime trade.	2	
5.5	Emergence of Urban Centres and Urbanization.	2	
	Total	52	12

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will have a comprehensive understanding of the historical events and situations. They will also be able to acquaint themselves with the knowledge of political, social, and economic history of the period.
- 2. The exposure and knowledge of various methods and techniques, used to reconstruct history, will help the students to think and formulate their own arguments.
- 3. The students will also be able to understand the various medieval concepts related to socio-political, cultural and economic history.

#### **Essential Readings**

Andre Wink, Al-Hind, Vols. I-III.

Burton Stein, New Cambridge History of India: Vijayanagara.

Catherine Asher and Cynthia Talbot, *India Before Europe*.

K.A. Nizami, Religion and Politics in the Thirteenth Century.

Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami (ed.), Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V.

Mohibul Hasan, Historians of Medieval India.

Peter Jackson, The Delhi Sultanate.

Richard M. Eaton, ed., *India's Islamic Traditions*.

Satish Chandra, Medieval India I.

S.A.A. Rizvi, A History of Sufism in India, Vol. I.

Tapan Raychaudhuri and Irfan Habib, eds, Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER IV**

COURSE TITLE: RISE OF THE MODERN WEST COURSE CODE: HISMAJ2042 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 4

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+ 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. To give an understanding about the transformation of the Europe from the Medieval Ages to the Modern.
- 2. This paper aims to give an outline about the socio-economic and political changes of Europe in the wake of new economic and political ideas.
- **3.** It also highlights different issues of revolution throughout different time periods in context of world history.

TOPIC		CREDIT	
	UNIT-1	LECTURE	TUTORIAL
		Mark Distribution:	12
1.1	Europe in 17 <sup>th</sup> Century: Society and Economy	3	1
1.2	Economic dimensions of 17 <sup>th</sup> Century European Crisis	3	
1.3	Political and social dimensions of the 17 <sup>th</sup> century European crisis.	3	1
1.4	Impact and Recovery of the 17 <sup>th</sup> century crisis on Italy, France, Spain and England.	3	
	UNIT-2	Mark Distribution:	12
2.1	The English Revolution (Civil War) of the 17 <sup>th</sup> Century	3	1
2.2	Major issues in Revolution	3	
2.3	Restoration and aftermath	3	
2.4	Political and Intellectual Political and Intellectual	3	1
	UNIT-3	Mark Distribution: 1	12
3.1	Scientific Revolution in Europe: Its Causes and Effects.	3	1

3.2	Mercantilism in the 17 <sup>th</sup> century	3	1
	Europe.		
3.3	Colonial policies in European states:	4	
	Portuguese, Spanish, French and		
	English.	<u> </u>	
	UNIT-4	Mark Distribution:	12
4.1	Enlightenment: Ideas and Impact	3	1
4.2	Enlightened despotism in Europe	3	1
4.3	Russia, Austria and Prussia.	3	1
	UNIT-5	Mark Distribution:	12
5.1	American Revolution: Origin and Development	3	1
5.2	Impact of American Revolution	3	1
5.3	Europe in 18 <sup>th</sup> century: Society and Economy	3	1
TOT	AL	52 12	

- 1. The students will understand about the social, economic, and political conditions of the 17<sup>th</sup> Century Europe along with the coming of new dimensions in these areas.
- 2. By the end of this course, the students will have a fair idea about the enlightenment in Europe and the History of 18<sup>th</sup> Century America.
- 3. The students will also be able to understand the concepts and ideas that emerges with the growth and changes in a society.

#### **Essential Readings**

T.S Aston and C.H.E Philipin (eds). *The Brenner Debate*, Cambridge University Press, 1985

H. Butterfield, The Origin of Modern Science - Free Press, 1957

Carlo M. Cipolla, Economic History of Europe, Vols II and Vols. III - Fontana Press, 1973

Carlo M. Cipolla, *Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy, 1000-1700*, 3rd ed. - Routledge, 1993

D.C. Coleman (ed), Revisions in Mercantilism - Methuen & Co. Ltd., 1969

Ralph Davis, The Rise of Atlantic Economics - Methuen & Co. Ltd., 1973

J.R. Hale, Renaissance Europe - Fontana Press, 1971

Christopher Hill, A Century of Revolutions - Penguin Books, 1980

Rodney Hilton, Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism - Verso, 1976

G.R. Elton, Reformation Europe 1517-1559 - Fontana Press, 1963

F. Rice, The Foundations of Early Modern Europe - W.W. Norton & Company, 1970

#### M.S. Anderson, Europe in the Eighteenth Century - Longman, 1999

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### <u>SEMESTER – IV</u>

COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA V (1526-1750)
COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ2043
NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CORE
CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA + 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Preetima Gogoi

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. This paper is designed in an inclusive manner which will help the students to have a comprehensive understanding of the Medieval Indian History.
- 2. The paper also intends to familiarize the students with various methods and sources used in historical reconstruction.
- 3. The paper will also acquaint the students with the political, social and economic history of the Medieval Period.

	Topic	C	redit
	Unit-1: Sources	Lecture	Tutorial
		Marks Distribution:	12
1.	Tuzuk-i-Babari, Humayunnama, Ain-i-Akbari, Akbarnama, Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri, Alamgirnama, Muntakhab-ul- Lubab.	3	1
1.	Vernacular Literature (Bakhars, Buranjis, Ramcharitmanas, Premakhyan-Padmavat, Mrigavati, Autobiography-Ardh-Kathanak) and Foreigners Accounts (Ralph Fitch, Peter Mundy, Francois Bernier, Jean Baptiste Tavernier).	3	1
1.		3	1
Uni	t- 2: Imperial Polities in Medieval India	Marks Dis	stribution: 12
2.1	Babur's invasion and the foundation of Mughal rule in India.	3	1

2.2	Period of instability and the rule of Humayun.	3	1
2.3	Sher Shah, his administration and revenue policies.	3	1
	3: Consolidation of Mughal Rule, gional powers and the Maratha Empire	Marks Dis	stribution: 12
3.1	Mughal Empire under Akbar, Mughal-Rajput relations, Annexations in North-West frontier, Conquest of Bengal.	3	1
3.2	Structure of Administration: zabt, mansab, jagir, madad-i-maash.	2	
3.3	Composition of nobility and changes, lower bureaucracy and language of administration	2	1
3.4	Rebellions, Warfare, Resistance and Negotiations	3	
3.5	The Marathas: Shivaji and his Administration, The Ahoms and the North-Eastern Region	3	
	4: Religion, State and Society-the guage of Political Islam in India	Marks Dis	stribution: 12
4.1	Theories of Kingship: King as a protector of social order, Views of Barani and Abul Fazl, Turko-Mongol traditions.	3	1
4.2	Court etiquette and ceremonies: jharoka darshan, nauroz, tuladan, images of rulers.	3	
4.3	Religious ideologies, sulh-i-kul, Din-i-Ilahi.	2	1
4.4	Sufi Islam and Intellectual Interpolations.	2	
	Unit 5: Economy and the State		

5.1	Agrarian Relations, Lower		
	bureaucracy and local		
	administration.		
5.2	Revenue system and Land		
	Survey and Assessment.		
5.3	Extension of Agriculture, Means		
	of Cultivation, Agricultural		
	Production, Cropping patterns.		
5.4	Networks of Trade, Internal		
	Commerce, Markets, Overseas		
	Trade.		
5.5	Entry of the Portuguese, the		
	Dutch, the English and the		
	French, Native Merchants.		
Total	-		

Mark Distribution: 12				
2	1			
3				
2	1			
2				
2				
52	12			

- 1. The students will have a comprehensive understanding of the historical events, their background and relevance.
- 2. They will also be able to acquaint themselves with the political, cultural, social, and economic history of the period.
- 3. The exposure and knowledge of various methods and techniques used to reconstruct history, will help the students to think and formulate their own arguments.
- 4. The completion of the course will help them to understand the medieval Indian historical period from an entirely new perspective.

#### **Essential Readings**

Ashin Dasgupta, Indian Merchants and the Decline of Surat, 1700 - 1750.

Andre Wink, Land and Sovereignty in India.

Ebba Koch, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology.

Harbans Mukhia, The Mughals of India.

Irfan Habib, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 -1707.

J.F. Richards, *The Mughal Empire*.

Jadunath Sarkar, Shivaji and His Times, Forgotten Books, 2013.

Muzaffar Alam and Sanjay Subramanian, eds, The Mughal State, 1526 - 1750.

Nurul Hasan, Religion, State, and Society in Medieval India.

Om Prakash, European Commercial Enterprise in Pre-Colonial India, London, Cambridge university press, 1998.

Pius Malekandathil, *Portuguese Cochin and the Maritime Trade of India:1500-1663*( A Volume in the South Asian Study Series of Heidelberg University, Germany), Delhi, 2001.

Richard M. Eaton, India in the Persianate Age 1000\_1765

Salma Ahmed Farooqui, A Comprehensive History of Medieval India
S.L. Barua, A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi 1985.
Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History.
, Medieval India, Vol 2
, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court.
W.H. Moreland, From Akbar to Aurangzeb, low price edition, New Delhi, Reprint 1990.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER IV**

# COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA VI (1757-1857) COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ2044 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 4

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+ 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. To present a panoramic history of the establishment and consolidation of British Rule in India.
- 2. The paper aims to give insights on the political, economic, social and cultural changes of India under the British Rule.
- 3. To give an outline on the early political awakenings of the Indians against the Colonial Power.

TOPIC		CREDIT	
	UNIT-1	LECTURE	TUTORIAL
		Mark Distribution: 1	2
1.1	Society, Economy, and Polity: Debates of the 18 <sup>th</sup> Century India	3	
1.2	The Anglo-French Struggle in South India	3	1
1.3	Mercantilism, Foreign Trade and Early Forms of Excitations from Bengal	3	1
1.4	Expansion of the British Colonial Power: Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab, and Sind.	3	
	UNIT-2	Mark Distribution: 12	
2.1	Imperial Ideologies: Raj and its Racial Attitudes	3	1
2.2	Administrative organizations: Civil Services, Army, Police and Judiciary	3	1
2.3	Imperial Ideologies: Raj and its Racial Attitudes	3	1
	UNIT-3	Mark Distribution	n: 12
3.1	Land Revenue System under the British Raj	3	1
3.2	Commercialization and Indebtedness	3	1
3.3	Social and Cultural Awakening: Ram Mohan Roy, Henry Loius Vivian	3	1

	Derozio, Debendranath Tagore and Iswar Chandra Vidyasagar		
	UNIT-4	Mark Distribution: 12	
4.1	Deindustrialization: Disruption of the Traditional Economy	2	1
4.2	Early Economic Policies of the British Raj	3	1
4.3	Debates on Economy: The Theory of Drain of Wealth	3	
4.4	Growth of Modern Industry	3	
	UNIT-5	Mark Distribution	12
5.1	Tribal Uprisings: Santhal Uprising, Uprisings in North-East India	3	1
5.2	Agrarian Uprisings: Phulaguri Dhewa, Pabna Agrarian Leagues, Deccan Riots	4	
5.3	Revolt of 1857: Causes, Courses, and Consequences	4	1
TOT	AL	52	12

- 1. The students will understand the emergence and consolidation of British Rule in India.
- 2. They will also understand the socio-cultural condition of the period and the reformation movement along with the important personalities and their visions.
- 3. Moreover, they will also be able to have a thorough understanding of the political changes in India under the British and political awakening of Indians against the Raj.

#### **Essential Readings**

Bayly, C. A. *Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire*. Cambridge University Press, 1988. Chandra, Bipan. *Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*. People's Publishing House, 1966. Bandyopadhya, Sekhar, *From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India*, Orient Longman Ltd. Hyderabad, 2004.

Roy, Tirthankar. The Economic History of India. Oxford University Press, 2011.

Dutt, Romesh. The Economic History of India. Routledge, 1902.

Majumdar, R.C. British Paramountcy and Renaissance. Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1952.Dalrymple,

William. The Last Mughal: The Fall of a Dynasty, Delhi, 1857. Alfred A. Knopf, 2006.

Keay, John. *India: A History*. Grove Press, 2000.

Mukherjee, Rudrangshu. *The Great Rebellion: India, 1857.* Aleph Book Company, 2019.

Metcalf, Thomas R. *The Making of Modern India: From Macaulay to Nehru*. Cambridge University Press, 2001.

Bayly, Christopher Alan. *Company Men: White Male Identity in Colonial India*, 1757-1857. Cambridge University Press, 1998.

Raychaudhuri, Tapan, and Irfan Habib (eds). *The Cambridge Economic History of India*: Volume 2, C.1757-C.1970. Cambridge University Press, 1983

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

### COURSE TITLE: EARLY AND MEDIEVAL ASSAM COURSE CODE: HSTMIN2041 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MINOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA+60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Aoyana Buragohain

#### **Course Objective (CO):**

- 1. The Objective of the paper is to provide an overview of the political, social, and cultural landscape of Assam from its early beginning to the medieval period, tracing the region's evolution through different dynasties, kingdoms, and cultural influences.
- 2. It will also analyze the conflicts, wars, and periods of integration or disintegration within Assam and with neighboring regions.
- 3. It also discuss about the Ahom political structure of medieval Assam and their role in the development of the cultural history of Assam.

Торіс		Credit	
	Unit-1	Lecture Mark Distribut	Tutorial
1.1	The Sources- Understanding Early and Medieval Assam in context	3	1
1.2	The Origin of name Kamarupa and Pragjyotishpur; The early Kamarupa state	3	
1.3	Kamarupa kingdom under the Varmans, Salastambhas, and Palas	4	1
1.4	Administrative system in Ancient Assam	3	1
	Unit- 2	Mark Distribut	ion: 15
2.1	Disintegration of the kingdom of Kamarupa; Turko-Afghan Invasions	4	1
2.2	State formations in the Brahmaputra Valley- The Chutias, Kacharis, and the Baro- Bhuyans	3	1
2.3	Advent of the Ahoms; Expansion of the Ahom states	3	
2.4	Ahom-Mughal political relations	3	1
	Unit- 3	Mark Distribut	ion: 15

3.1	Tribal Kingdom-chiefdoms in Lower Assam region, their relation with the Ahom state	4	1	
3.2	Post Saraighat Assam- political developments	3	1	
3.3	Ascendency of the Tungkhungia dynasty- Ahom rule at its zenith	3	1	
3.4	Lower Brahmaputra Valley under the Koches; their extension; Ahom-Koch conflicts	3		
		T	Į.	
	Unit-4	Mark Distril	oution: 15	
4.1	Unit-4  Ahom administrative system	Mark Distrib	oution: 15	
4.1	Ahom administrative system Ahom state and relationship with hilly areas- with Manipur and	3		
	Ahom administrative system Ahom state and relationship with	4		
4.2	Ahom administrative system Ahom state and relationship with hilly areas- with Manipur and Tripur Decline of the Ahom kingdom-	3	1	

- 1. The students get to know about the emergence of early states such as Kamarupa and Pragjyotishpura as well as the state formation during the reigning period of early historic dynasties such as Varmans, Salastambhas, and Palas.
- 2. They will also be exposed to the state formation under the important medieval dynasties such as Ahom, Kachari, Chutia and Koch in the Brahmaputra Valley.
- 3. Moreover, it will bring to light different phases of Ahom political relationships with neighboring states and its aftermath.

#### **Essential Reading:**

Baruah, S. L: A Comprehensive History of Assam

Barpujari, H.K: The Comprehensive History of Assam

Choudhury P. C: History of the civilization of the people of Assam to the 12th

Century A.D.

Gait, Edward: A History of Assam

Nath, D: History of the Koch Kingdom, C. 1515-1615

Nath, D: Asom Buranji

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER V**

## COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (1789-1945) COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3051 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+ 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. To acquaint the students about the series of political events took place in Europe from the French Revolution to the end of the World War II.
- 2. To bring an understanding about the impact of the important events of Europe in the world.
- 3. It also brings into light different historical events that led to the second world war.

TOPIC		CREDIT		
	UNIT-1	LECTURE	TUTORIAL	
		Mark Distribution	on: 12	
1.1	France on the Eve of the French Revolution	4	1	
1.2	The French Revolution: Causes, Courses and Results.	3	1	
1.3	The Napoleonic Era: The Rise and fall of Napoleon Bonaparte	3	1	
	UNIT-2	Mark Distributi	on: 12	
2.1	The Congress of Vienna and Europe	3	1	
2.2	The Concert of Europe and Peace Settlements	3	1	
2.3	Metternich System and Balance of Power	3		
	UNIT-3	Mark Distribut	ion: 12	
3.1	Unification of Italy: Mazzini, Garibaldi and Cavour	4	1	
3.2	Unification of Germany: Internal and Foreign Policies of Bismarck	3	1	
3.3	Age of Armed Peace (1870-1914)	3	1	
	UNIT-4	Mark Distribut	ion: 12	
4.1	The Great War: The First World War and Its Consequences	3		

4.2	The Bolshevik Revolution and the Rise of USSR	3	
4.3	League of Nations: Origin, Activities, and the Causes of Failure	3	1
4.4	The Great Economic Depression.	2	1
	UNIT-5	Mark Distribution: 1	2
5.1	Rise of Dictatorships: Fascism and Nazism	3	1
5.2	The Spanish Civil War: Origin and Consequences	3	
5.3	World War II – Origin, Courses and Consequences	3	1
5.4	Formation of the UNO: Organs and their Functions	2	1
TOT	AL	51	13

- 1. After the completion of the course the students will learn about the political history of Europe from the last decades of the 18<sup>th</sup> century till the end of WW2.
- 2. The students will be able to examine the impact of European events in the course and history of the World.
- 3. They will also be able to understand various concepts and theories of the period. Moreover, they will have the knowledge about the views, methods and perspective of various important leaders and personalities.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Hayes, C.J., Contemporary World from 1870- The Macmillan Company, 1968

Keltelbey, C.D M, A History of Modern Times, Oxford University Press, 1964

Hobsbawm, Eric, The Age of Revolution: Europe 1789–1848, Abacus, 1962

Hobsbawm, Eric, The Age of Extremes: A History of the World, 1914-1991, Vintage Books, 1994

Doyle, William, The French Revolution: A Very Short Introduction. Oxford University Press, 2001.

Khurana Dr.K.L, The Twentieth Century World, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal Publications, 2020.

Lowe, Norman. Mastering Modern World History. Palgrave Macmillan, 2005.

Evans, Richard J. The Pursuit of Power: Europe 1815-1914. Penguin Books, 2017.

Davies, Norman. Europe: A History. Oxford University Press, 1996.

Merriman, John. A History of Modern Europe: From the French Revolution to the Present. W.W. Norton & Company, 2010.

Thomson, David. Europe Since Napoleon. Penguin Books, 2018

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - V**

## COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF INDIA VII (1857-1964) COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3052 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA+60 END SEM)

COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das and Dr. Preetima Gogoi

#### **Course Objective (CO):**

- 1. This paper is designed in order to provide students with detailed understanding of History of Modern India from the time of Sepoy Mutiny to the period after Independence.
- 2. The paper will help them to traverse into the ideas of new political, social and cultural ideas of the particular period
- 3. The paper intends to acquaint the students with the changing administrative system in the socio-economic context.

	Topic		C	redit
	Unit-1: Rebels and Raj		Lecture	Tutorial
			Marks Dis	stribution: 12
1.1	The 1857 Revolt: Major causes-courses-nature and result.		3	1
			2	
1.2	Popular Movements after 1857.			
1.3	Administrative developments after 1857- Reforms of Lytton and Ripon, Constitutional developments up to 1935.		3	1
1.4	British Economic Policies in India-Land revenue, Trade, Commercialization of		3	
I In:	agriculture-Drain Theory.		Marka Di	stribution:12
Uni	t- 2: Socio-Religious Reform Movements		WIAFKS DI	Stribution:12
2.1	Reforms and revival: Brahmo Samaj, Prarthna Samaj, Ramakrishna Mission and Vivekananda		3	1

		2	
2.2	Wahabi, Deoband, Aligarh and Singh Sabha Movement  Debates around Gender	3	1
2.4	Making of religious and linguistic identities		
Uni	t- 3: Nationalism: Trends up to 1919 and Social groups	Marks Dis	stribution: 12
3.1	Political ideology and organizations, formation of INC	3	1
3.2	Moderates and extremists and Revolutionaries	3	
3.3	Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement	2	1
3.4	Ambedkar and anti- untouchability movements, Peasants and Labour Movements	3	
Uni	t-4: Gandhian Phase-Ideas and Movements	Marks Dis	tribution: 12

4.1	Mahatma Gandhi: his		3	1
4.1	perspectives, methods and views		3	1
	on Nation and Nationalist			
	struggle			
	Struggie			
4.2	Lange of a C Elizat W. and 1 W. and			
4.2	Impact of First World War-		3	
	Rowlett Satyagrah and			
	Jallianwalabagh Massacre			
4.3	Non-cooperation and Civil			1
	Disobedience		2	1
4.4	Provincial Autonomy, Quit India			
	and INA		2	
		<u> </u>		
	Independence and after (1946-			
1964)				stribution: 12
			3	1
5.1	Cabinet Mission plan-grouping			
3.1	controversy and partition			
5.2	Making of Constitution			
3.2	Waking of Constitution	<u> </u>	2	
			3	
5.3	Integration of princely states			
			3	
			-	
5.4	First general election and			
	developments under Nehru		3	1
	Leadership		3	1
	I I			
Fotal		5	2	12

- 1. The students will understand the major factors that led to establishment and consolidation of the British rule in India. The students will also be acquainted with the socio-economic impact of the policies introduced by the British.
- 2. The students will understand the process of the growth of nationalist movements, the emergence of various ideologies and the personalities associated with it.
- 3. They will also have the comprehensive understanding of the phases of the Indian National Movement, about Partition and the post partitioned scenario of India.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Anil Seal, Emergence of Indian Nationalism.

A. R. Desai, Social Background and Indian Nationalism, Popular Publication House, New Delhi, 1990

Bipan Chandra, Mukherjee, M and et,al, *India's Struggle for Independence*, Penguin Books, New Delhi,2003

Bipan Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, 1979.

Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India.

D.A. Low, ed., Congress, and the Raj.

Eleanor Zelliot, From Untouchable to Dalit: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement.

Gyanendra Pandey, The Construction of Communalism in colonial north India.

Jawaharlal Nehru, An Autobiography.

John R. McLane, Indian Nationalism, and the Early Congress.

Judith Brown, Gandhi's rise to Power, 1915-22.

Mushirul Hasan, ed., *India's Partition*, Oxford in India Readings.

Paul Brass, The Politics of India Since Independence, OUP, 1990

Peter Hardy, Muslims of British India.

Ram Lakhan Shukla (ed.), Adhunik Bharat ka Itihas.

Ranajit Guha, ed., A Subaltern Studies Reader.

Sumit Sarkar, Modern India, 1885-1947.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### SEMESTER - V

## COURSE TITLE: THE HISTORY OF EARLY AND MEDIEVAL ASSAM COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3053 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA+60 END SEM)

**COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das** 

#### **Course Objective (CO):**

- **1.** The Objective of the paper is to provide an overview of the political, social, and cultural landscape of Assam from its early beginning to the medieval period.
- 2. It also trace the region's evolution through different dynasties, kingdoms, and cultural influences.
- **3.** It will also analyze the conflicts, wars, and periods of integration or disintegration within Assam and with neighboring regions.

Topic			Credit
	Unit-1	Lecture Tutorial Mark Distribution: 15	
1.1	The Sources- Understanding Early and Medieval Assam in context	3	1
1.2	The Origin of name Kamarupa and Pragjyotishpur; The early Kamarupa state	4	
1.3	Kamarupa kingdom under the Varmans, Salastambhas, and Palas	3	1
1.4	Administrative system in Ancient Assam	3	1
	Unit- 2	Mark Distribution: 15	
2.1	Disintegration of the kingdom of Kamarupa; Turko-Afghan Invasions	4	1
2.2	State formations in the Brahmaputra Valley- The Chutias, Kacharis, and the Baro- Bhuyans	3	1
2.3	Advent of the Ahoms; Expansion of the Ahom states	3	1
2.4	Ahom-Mughal political relations	3	
	Unit- 3	Mark Distributio	on: 15

3.1	Tribal Kingdom-chiefdoms in Lower Assam region, their relation with the Ahom state	4	1
3.2	Post Saraighat Assam- political developments	3	1
3.3	Ascendency of the Tungkhungia dynasty- Ahom rule at its zenith	3	1
3.4	Lower Brahmaputra Valley under the Koches; their extension; Ahom-Koch conflicts	3	
	Unit-4	Mark Distril	oution: 15
4.1	Ahom administrative system	3	1
4.2	Ahom state and relationship with hilly areas- with Manipur and Tripur	3	
4.3	111pui	3	1
4.3	Decline of the Ahom kingdom- Moamariya rebellion		
4.4		4	1

- 1 The students will get to know about the emergence of early states such as Kamarupa and Pragjyotishpura as well as the state formation during the reigning period of early historic dynasties such as Varmans, Salastambhas, and Palas.
- 2 They will also be able to know about the important medieval dynasties such as Ahom, Kachari, Chutia and Koch in the Brahmaputra Valley.
- 3 Moreover, it will bring to light different phases of Ahom political relationships with neighboring states and its aftermath.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Baruah, S. L: A Comprehensive History of Assam

Barpujari, H.K: The Comprehensive History of Assam

Choudhury P. C: History of the civilization of the people of Assam to the 12th

Century A.D.

Gait, Edward: A History of Assam

Nath, D: History of the Koch Kingdom, C. 1515-1615

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER: V**

COURSE TITLE: MODERN ASSAM (1826-1947)
COURSE CODE: HSTMIN3051
NATURE OF COURSE: MINOR
CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA +60 END SEMESTER) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objective (CO):**

- 1. To examine the socio-political, economic, and cultural transformations within Assam during the period of British colonial rule.
- 2. It will also focus on key events, movements, and the impact of colonial policies, leading up to the eve of India's Independence in 1947.
- 3. The modern historical movements are the main focus of this course through which the students will be able to know the engagement of Assamese population.

Topic		Credit	
	Unit-1	Lecture Mark Distri	Tutorial bution: 12
1.1	Political Condition in assam on the eve of the British Rule	3	1
1.2	Establishment and Consolidation of the British Rule; Reforms and Reorganizations; David Scott-Annexation of Lower Assam, Administrative Reorganizations and Revenue Measures of Scott, Robertson, and Jenkins	5	1
1.3	Ahom Monarchy in Upper Assam (1833-38)	3	1
	Unit- 2	Mark Distribution	n: 12
2.1	Annexation of Cachar	2	1
2.2	Early Phase of Revolts and Resistance of British Rule- Gomdhar Konwar, Piyali Phukan, U. Tirut Sing	4	1
2.3	The Khamti and the Singpho Rebellion	3	
2.4	The 1857 Revolt in Assam and its aftermath	2	
	Unit- 3	Mark Distribution	n: 12

3.1	Establishment of Chief		2	1
	Commissionership in Assam			
3.2	Land Revenue Measures and		3	
	Peasant Uprisings in 19 <sup>th</sup> century			
	Assam.			
3.3	Growth of National		3	
	Consciousness – Assam			
	Association, Sarbajanik Sabhas			
	and the Rayat Sabhas.			
3.4	Impact of Partition of Bengal		2	1
	and Swadeshi Movement in			
	Assam			
•	Unit-4		Mark Distribution:	12
_				
4.1	Government of India Act, 1919-		3	1
	Dyarchy on Trial in Assam			
4.2	Non-Co-operation Movement		3	
	and Swarajist Politcs in Assam			
4.3	The Civil Disobedience		2	1
	Movement			
4.4	Student Movement in Assam		3	
	Unit- 5	J	Mark Distribution:	12
5.1	Trade Union and Allied		2	1
	Movements			
5.2	Tribal League and Politics in		2	
	Assam			
5.3	Migration, Line System and its		2	1
	Impact on Politics in Assam			
5.4	Quit India Movement in Assam		3	1
	Cabinet Mission Plan and the			
	Grouping Controversy-The			
	Sylhet Referendum	L		
Total	1 -	١.	52	12

- 1. Students will understand the historical trajectory of Assam during the colonial period, including the impact of British policies, socio-economic changes, and cultural transformations.
- 2. They will be able to analyse the emergence of socio-political movements, identities, and conflicts within Assam, and their implications for the region's history and contemporary dynamics.
- **3.** They will be able to have a comprehensive understanding of the Assam's contributions and condition during the period of Freedom movement in India.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Barpujari, H. K: Assam in the Days of the Company

: (ed) Francis Jenkins Report on the North- East Frontier of India

: (ed) Political History of Assam, Vol. I

: (ed) The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vols. IV & V. Baruah,

S. L: A Comprehensive History of Assam.

Bhuyan, A.C: (ed) Political History of Assam, Vols. I, II & III.

Bhuyan, A.C: (ed) Nationalist Upsurge in Assam.

Bora.S.: Student Revolution in Assam.

Dutta, Anuradha: Assam in the Freedom Movement.

Guha, Amalendu: Planters Raj to Swaraj, Freedom Struggle and Electoral Politics in Assam.

Lahiri, R.M: Annexation of Assam

#### **Assessment methods:**

1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.

2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER: VI**

### COURSE TITLE: SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC HISTORY OF ASSAM (FROM EARLY MEDIEVAL PERIOD TO THE POST AHOM PERIOD)

COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3061 NATURE OF COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA +60 END SEMESTER)

COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das, Dr. Preetima Gogoi, Aoyana Buragohain

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. This paper is design as the students will be acquire detail understanding of the history of India from early Medieval Period to Post Ahom Period.
- 2. It also aims to develop an understanding of the political, economic, and social aspects of the particular period as well as to develop understanding of the changing administrative system in socio-economic context.
- **3.** The course also helps in developing the idea of religion and emergence of new trends in Assam in the form of Neo-Vasihnava movement.

	Topic			Credit
	Unit-1		Lecture	Tutorial
Sou	rces and Approaches: Political Formations		Mark Distribution: 15	
1.1	Sources: Literary (Indigenous and Foreign) and Archaeological Sources: (Inscriptions, Coins and Material Remains)		4	1
1.2	Historiography: Social and economic condition during medieval period Assam		3	
1.3	Assam in the 13 <sup>th</sup> century- Kingdoms		3	1
1.4	Regional chiefdoms		3	1
Social	Unit- 2 Structure and Organizations		Mark Distribu	tion: 15
2.1	Introduction of Varnasramadharma and its development: Emergence of professional groups, Varna- Jati system		5	1
2.2	Social Organization: The Paik System, Caste-Class Relations, Material Conditions.		3	1

2.4	Social Life, Pattern of Society; Status of Women- Patriarchy; Material Conditions: Food habits, Dress and Education. Society of Colonial Assam- Growth of modern Education, Emergence of Middle class, Development of Press and Various Organizations	3	1
Econ	Unit- 3 omy of Medieval and Post-Ahom Assam	Mark Distri	bution: 15
3.1	Land grant system, revenue administration, Emergence of feudalism/ feudallike formations.	4	1
3.2	Trade and Industry, Agricultural and non-Agricultural Products	3	1
3.3	Medium of Exchange- Coinage; Trade: Internal and External; trade routes; Hill- Plains Dynamics	3	1
3.4	Plantation Economy; Development of Modern Industries and Transport System	3	
	Unit-4 Socio-Religious Traditions	Mark Distri	bution: 15
4.1	Religious Beliefs and Practices; Tantricism; Saktism; Saivism; Islam in Assam	4	1
4.2	Neo-Vaishnavite Movement in Assam – Sankardeva and his followers, Development of <i>Satra</i> Institutions	4	1
4.3	Art and Architecture in Medieval Assam: Both Religious and Secular	4	1
Total		52	12

- 1. The students will learn the transformation of the Assamese society over the ages.
- 2. The students will learn the long-term impact of the rule of Ahom's and responses of the neighboring hill tribes and their role in shaping the state formation of Assam.
- **3.** They will be able to learn about various administrative policies and changes undertaken by dynasties and rulers.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Barpujari, H.K. (ed): *The Comprehensive History of Assam*, *Vol. I*, Publication Board Assam, Guwahati, 1990.

Barua, K.L.: Early History of Kamarupa (3rd Edn.) Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1988.

Baruah B.K.: A Cultural History of Assam, Lawyer's Book Stall, Guwahati, 1969

Baruah, S.L.: A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1985

Bhuyan, A.C. &S.De (ed.) *Political History of Assam* Vol II and III. Guwahati: Publication Board.

Boruah, Nirode: Early Assam, state formation, political centres cultural zones, Spectrum Publication, Guwahati, New Delhi, 2007

Chakravorty. B.C. 1981. British Relations with the Hill Tribes of Assam since 1858, Calcutta,

Dutta. K.N.1969. Landmarks in the Freedom Struggle in Assam. Guwahati: Lawyers Book Stall.

Goswami. P. 1999. Assam in the Nineteenth Century: Industrialization and Colonial Penetration. Guwahati: UBS Publications

Guha. Amalendu. 1977. Planter Raj to Swaraj. New Delhi: People's Publishing House

Lahiri, Nayanjot : *Pre-Ahom Assam*, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 1991

Mills. A.J.M. 1853. Report on the Khasi and Jaintia Hills. USA: University of Michigan

Bhattacharya, P.N.: Kamarupasasnavali, Rangpur Shahitya Parishad, B.S. 1338/1932 A.D.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER- VI**

### COURSE TITLE: CONTEMPORARY WORLD (1945-2000) COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3062 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 4

**TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+ 60 END SEM)** 

#### COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu, Aoyana Buragohain

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. The goal of this paper is to trace some of the major events of post-World War II period and to understand the significance of these events.
- 2. It also aims to comprehend the ways in which events of the latter half of the twentieth century have influenced the present.
- 3. It also helps in understanding the concept of globalization and its impact on human civilization.

TOPIC		CREDIT	
	T-1: COLD WAR AND THE RISE BIPOLAR WORLD	LECTURE  Mark Distribution	TUTORIAL n: 12
1.1	Meaning, Causes of Cold War and Security Pacts	3	1
1.2	Conflicts in Cold War: Germany, Korea, Cuba, Vietnam, the Suez and Hungarian crisis	4	1
1.3	Economic Revival of Western Europe; Soviet Union's Relations with Eastern Europe	4	1
UNI	T-2: THIRD WORLD AFTER THE WW2	Mark Distri	bution: 12
2.1	Decolonization - Development of free nations	3	1
2.2	Afro - Asian Movements: Trends	3	1
2.3	Non-Aligned Movement and the Third World.	3	1
UNIT	T-3: INDIA IN WORLD ORDER	Mark Distri	bution: 12
3.1	India in World Affairs: Key Trends	3	1
3.2	Indo-Pak Relations, Sino-Indian Relations, Indo-US Relations, Indo- Soviet Relations	3	1
3.3	India and Non-Alignment; India and SAARC	3	1

UNI	UNIT-4: END OF COLD WAR AND THE UNIPOLAR WORLD		Mark Distribution: 12	
4.1	Disintegration of the USSR and End of Cold War	3	1	
4.2	Impact of Disintegration on society and Politics	3	1	
4.3	Emergence of Unipolar World	3	1	
UNIT-5 RECENT TRENDS IN THE Mark Distribution: 12 WORLD ORDER				
5.1	Concept of Globalization: Historical Context	3	1	
5.2	US Aggression on Iraq, Background, Nature and Impact	3		
5.3	International Terrorism: Its Impact on World Politics	3	1	
5.4	Concept of Multipolar Word: Historical Context	2	1	
TOT	AL	49	15	

- 1. After the completion of the course, the students will learn about the change in world order after the Second World War.
- 2. The students will be able to examine the role of India in the contemporary world.
- 3. The students will be familiar with the recent trends in world order.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Charles, P. Schleicher - Cooperation and Conflict in International Relations, Printice Hall, 1962

Mahajan, V.D. - The Modern History of Europe, S. Chand Publications, 2010

Henkin, Louis - The Contemporary Relevance of Human Rights (Publisher: Boulder West View Press, 197

Johari, J.C. - International Politics in the Post-Cold War Era, Sterling Publishers, 2009

Morgenthau, Hans J. - The Dynamics of Politics among Nations

Schumann - Contemporary Perspectives on International Politics (5th Edition), CQ Press, 2019

Majundar, R.K. & Srivastva, A.N. - A Comprehensive History of the United States of America (From 1845 to the Present), Sbd Publisher and Distributors.

Chhabra, K.K. - The Historical Context of the Modern World Since 1945 A.D., Surject Publications

Rao, B.V. - A Comprehensive Survey of World History From Ancient Times to 2000 A.D. New Dawn Press, 1 December 2005

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### <u>SEMESTER – VI</u>

COURSE TITLE: HISTORIOGRAPHY
COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3063
NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CORE
CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA + 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Preetima Gogoi

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. This course familiarizes the students with the various Historiographical trends not only in the world but also India.
- 2. The introduction to various schools of thought will open for them a new dimension to understanding History and History writing traditions.
- 3. The paper will also acquaint the students with the various writing traditions during various phases of history.

	Topic		C	redit
Ţ	Unit-1: Basics of Historiography		Lecture	Tutorial
			Marks Distribution:	12
1.1	Concepts, Meaning, Purpose and Varieties of History, Causation and Objectivity in History.		3	1
1.2	Primary and Secondary Sources, Internal and External Criticism.		3	
1.3	History and Allied Subjects: Archeology, Numismatics, Epigraphy.		3	1
1.4			3	
Uni	Unit- 2: Evolution of Historiography		Marks Dis	stribution: 12
2.1	Ancient Greece and Rome: Herodotus and Thucydides, Livy and Tacitus.		3	1

2.2	Chinese and Arab Historiography: Summa Chien and Ibn Khaldun.	3	
2.3	Medieval European Historiography and Christian Chronicles.	3	1
2.4	Renaissance Historiography.	2	
U	Unit- 3: Emergence of Modern Theories (Renaissance to Enlightenment)	Marks Dis	tribution: 12
3.1	Scientific History by Ranke and its impact on History Writing.	2	1
3.2	Enlightenment Historiography.	2	
3.3	Niebuhr, Ranke and Institutionalisation of History.	2	1
3.4	Marxist School of Thought.	2	
3.5	Annales School – Marc Bloch, Lucien Febvre and Francis Braudel.	2	
Uı	nit-4: History Writing in India	Marks Dis	tribution: 12
4.1	Ancient Indian Historiography: Puranas, Harshacharita and Rajatarangini.	3	1
4.2	History and History writing in the Sultanate and the Mughal period.	3	1
4.3	Regional Consciousness and History writing traditions in Assam, Maharashtra, South India.	3	1

Unit 5: Development of History writing in the Modern Period					
5.1	Role of Orientalist and the				
	Asiatic Society of Bengal.				
5.2	James Mill and Other Colonial				
	Historians.				
5.3	Growth or National				
	Consciousness and Nationalist				
	Historiography.				
5.4	Marxist and Subaltern				
	Historiography.				
Total					

Mark Distribution: 12					
2	1				
3	1				
3	1				
2					
52	12				

- 1. The students will have a comprehensive understanding of the historical events associated with history writing and historical traditions.
- 2. They will also be able to acquaint themselves with wide range of new theories and ideas.
- 3. The exposure and knowledge of various methods and techniques used to reconstruct history, will help the students to think and formulate their own arguments.

#### **Essential Readings**

A.E Gare, Postmodernism and Environmental Crisis, London, 1997

Arthur. Marwick, Introduction to History, London, 1977

E.H.Carr, What is History, Latest edition.

E. Sreedharan, A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to 2000

F.Stern, Varieties of History, New York.

G.P. Gooch, History and Historians of the Nineteenth Century, Reprint, 1952

H.E.Barnes, A History of History Writing, Oklahoma, 1937

Jeremy Black and M. Donald, Studying History, Macmillan, 1997

John Cannon (ed.), The Historian at Work, London, 1980

J.W.Thompson & H. Bernard, A History of History Writing, 2 vols.

R.G. Collingwood, *The Idea of History*, OUP, latest edition

Richard.E. J, In Defense of History, London, 1997

Satish Bajaj, Recent Trends in Historiography, New Delhi, 1988

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER - VI**

### COURSE TITLE: ART AND ARCHITECTURE OF EARLY AND MEDIEVAL INDIA COURSE CODE: HSTMAJ3064

NATURE OF THE COURSE: MAJOR CREDIT: 04

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40 IA+60 END SEM)

**COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Nisha Rani Das** 

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. The objective of this paper is to explore the diverse artistic expressions and architectural marvels emerged during early and medieval India.
- 2. This study also aims to illuminate the evolution of artistic styles, construction techniques, and patronage patterns.
- 3. Through a comprehensive analysis of artistic achievements and architectural monuments, the paper seeks to deepen our understanding of India's rich cultural heritage and its enduring impact on the country's artistic traditions.

	Topic	Credit		
	Unit-1 From Earliest to 200 CE	Lecture Tutorial Mark Distribution: 15		
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Prehistoric Rock Art- Its evolution and subject matter Harappan Art and Sculptures; Architecture and Town Planning Mauryan Art and Architecture, Nature of Mauryan Art Art of Sunga, Satavahana, and Kushana Period- Mathura, Gandhara, and Amaravati	3 3 4	1 1	
The de	School of Art   Unit- 2   evelopment of Temple Architecture	Mark Distribution: 15		
2.1	Evolution of Temple Architecture during Gupta Period; Sculptural Development; North Indian Temple Architecture (Nagara Style)	3	1	
2.2	Chalukya Architecture: Aihole, Badami, and Pattadakal	3	1	
2.3	Temple Architecture of Orissa; Kalingan style of architectural development The Emergence of Dravidian	3	1	

	Style- under the Pallavas; The temples of Cholas	3	
Delhi	Unit- 3 Sultanate and Emergence of New Features	Mark Distril	oution: 15
3.1	Temple Desecration Debate	3	1
3.2	Indo-Islamic Traditions: Arch, Dome, calligraphy, Minar, religious and secular	3	1
3.3	architectures  Architecture under various dynasties: Mamuk, Khaljis.	3	1
3.4	Architecture under the Tughluqs and the Lodis.	3	
Grow	Unit-4 with of Art and Architecture under the Mughal Rule	Mark Distrib	bution: 15
4.1	Early Phase of Mughal Architecture- Tombs, forts, mosque, madrasas, chaharbagh.	3	1
4.2	Mature Phase of Mughal Architecture- residential and funerary architecture, pietra dura, mosaic, bazaars, hammams, karwansarais.	3	
4.3	Emergence of Provincial Styles: Vijaynagara, Bahmani, Bengal, Malwa.	3	1
4.4	Pre-Mughal and Mughal Paintings	3	1
4.5	Growth of Regional Paintings: Rajasthani, Pahari, Patta Chitra.	3	
<b>Total</b>		52	12

- 1. The students will have a comprehensive understanding of the artistic styles, architectural techniques, and cultural contexts of early and medieval India.
- 2. It also helps them to develop the ability to critically analyze artworks and architectural structures, considering their historical, religious, and socio-political significance.
- **3.** They will be acquainted with the technical terminologies used in terms of sculptures, architectures, paintings and other forms of art.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Agrawala, V.S, Gupta Art, 1948

,Indian Art, 1965

Agrawala, P.K, Gupta Temple Architecture, 1987

Bhattacharya, D.C, Buddhist Shrines, 1987

Choubey, G.C, Early Buddhist Art in India, 1998

Coomaraswami, A.K, History of Indian and Indonesian Art.1927

Deva Krishna, Temples of North India, 1997

Gupta, S.P, The Roots of Indian Art, 1980

Havell, E.B, Indian Architecture, 1913.

Majumdar, R.C(ed), The History and Culture of the Indian People, VOL. II and III,1954

Musthy, K.Krishna, Early Indian Secular Architecture, 1998

Millen, S. Barbare, Exploring India's sacred Art; Selected writings of Stellaramirisch 1994

Majumdr, R.C. Altekar, A.S, *The Vakataka –Gupta Age*, 1969

Rath, B.K, Cultural History of Orissa, 1983

Ray, Niharanjan, Maurya and Post-Maurya Art, 1975

Sarkar, H.B, Studies in Early Buddhist Architecture, 1966

Saraswati, S.K, A Survey of Indian Sculpture, 1975

Sivaramamurti, *Indian Painting*. 1970

Aziz Ahmed, Studies in Islamic Culture in Indian Environment, OUP, 1964.

Catherine Asher, Architecture of Mughal India, Cambridge, 1992.

Ebba Koch, Mughal Architecture: An Outline of its History and Development, 1528-1858, Munich, 1999.

Percy Brown, Indian Painting under the Mughal, OUP, 1924.

R.M. Eaton, Temple Desecration and Muslim State in Medieval India, New Delhi, 2004.

R.Nath, *History of Mughal Architecture*, Abhinav Publications, New Delhi, 1982.

Monica Juneja (ed.), Architecture in Medieval India: Form, Contexts, Histories, Delhi, 2001.

A.J.Qaiser, The Indian Response to European Technology and Culture, 1498-1707, Delhi, 1982.

Vipul Singh, *Interpreting Medieval India*, Vol.1, New Delhi, 2009.

Tomory Edith, A History of Fine Arts in India and the West, Delhi, 1997.

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

#### **SEMESTER-VI**

### COURSE TITLE: RISE OF THE MODERN WEST COURSE CODE: HSTMIN3061 NATURE OF THE COURSE: MINOR

**CREDIT: 4** 

TOTAL MARKS: 100 (40IA+ 60 END SEM) COURSE TEACHER: Dr. Indraneel Pegu

#### **Course Objectives (CO):**

- 1. The main objective of this paper is to give an understanding about the transformation of the Europe from the Medieval Ages to the Modern.
- 2. It also focuses on various approaches to study about Modern West and to study the emergence of state system in Europe.
- 3. It also brings into light different historical events to understand the context of European movements with time.

	TOPIC	C	REDIT
	UNIT-1	LECTURE	TUTORIAL
		Mark Distribution	n: 15
1.1	Crisis and decline of Feudalism in Western Europe	4	1
1.2	Geographical Explorations: motives and early voyages and beginnings of colonialism with special reference to Spain, Portugal	5	1
1.4	Thirty Years' War and Treaty of Westphalia- causes and significance.	5	1
	UNIT-2	Mark Distribution: 15	
2.1	Renaissance: Meaning, causes, nature, spread, limitations; growth of Humanism.	4	1
2.2	Reformation: origin, course, varieties, significance; Counter Reformation	3	1
2.3	Printing Revolution –impact	3	
2.4	Rise of absolute monarchies in Europe	3	1
	UNIT-3	Mark Distri	bution: 15

3.1	Price Revolution: causes, nature and impacts.	4	1
3.2	Industrial Revolution in England: background and feature	4	1
3.3	Challenge to colonialism: American War of Independence- causes and significance	4	1
	UNIT-4	Mark Distribution	on: 15
4.1	Mercantilism and its Impact.	4	
4.2	Enlightened Despotism in Russia (Peter the Great; Catherine II)	3	1
4.3	Enlightened Despotism in Prussia (Frederick the Great)	3	1
4.04	Enlightened Despotism in Austria (Joseph II)	3	1
	Total	52	12

- 1. The students can able to analyze the key historical events, socio-economic transformations, and cultural shifts that contributed to the emergence of the modern Western world from the late medieval period to the present day.
- 2. Again, by the end of this course, the students will have a fair idea about the renaissance and reformations.
- 3. They will also have the knowledge of industrial revolution, and their impacts in the present world.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Anderson, M.S, Europe in the Eighteenth Century, Penguin Books, 1990.

Phukan, Meenakshi- Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe, McMillan, New Delhi, 2001.

Anderson, Perry, The Lineages of the Absolutist State, Verso, 1974

Andrews, Stuart, Eighteenth Century Europe, Macmillan, 1970

Slicher Von Bath, B.H, *The Agrarian History of Western Europe. AD.500 – 1850*,1966.

Collins, James B, *The State in Early Modern France* New, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

Gilmore, M.P, The World of Humanism. 1453 -1517, Harper Torchbooks, 1962.

Kriedte, Peter, Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalists, Routledge, 1971.

Lynch, J, Spain under the Hapsburgs, Oxford University Press, 1964.

Mathias, Peter, *The First Industrial Revolution*, Methuen, 1969.

Miskimin, Harry, *The Economy of Later Renaissance Europe: 1460 to1600*, Cambridge University Press, 1977.

Nauert, Charles A, *Humanism and the Culture of the Renaissance*, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

Owie, L.W, Seventeenth Century Europe, Macmillan, 1978.

Pennington, D.H, Seventeenth Century Europe, Oxford University Press, 1989.

Rice, F, The Foundations of Early Modern Europe, W. W. Norton & Company, 1970.

#### **Assessment methods:**

- 1. In Semester assessment (40%): Mandatory Two Sessional Examination and Home assignments/Seminar/Book Review/Group Discussion/Quiz/Poster presentation etc.
- 2. End Semester assessment: 60%

Dr. Nisha Rani Was